The Code supports you to use best practice land management activities. The Land Management Code:
- is simple to use,
- improves agricultural productivity,
- includes important environmental protections,
- provides certainty and clarity for the landholder.

Code options for landholders

The Code supports landholders undertaking productive and sustainable farming practices, while managing environmental risk.

The Code enables the following clearing on Category 2 - regulated land:

**Invasive Native Species**
Allows you to remove invasive native species that have reached unnatural densities and dominate an area. These activities are to promote the regeneration and regrowth of native vegetation.

**Pasture expansion**
Enables you to the remove woody native vegetation by uniform or mosaic thinning to promote native pastures and increase farm efficiency and productivity.

**Continuing use**
Enables you to continue lawful land management activities that have been in place between 1990 and the commencement of the new Land Management Framework in August 2017.

**Equity**
Enables you to remove paddock trees, compromised native groundcover, and native vegetation from small areas in

exchange for set aside areas containing remnant vegetation.

**Farm plan**
Enables you to remove paddock tree areas and clear regulated rural land in exchange for set aside areas containing remnant vegetation or set aside areas where revegetation will be required.

**Additional considerations**

You may be required to notify Local Land Services for low impact land management activities. Activities with a high risk of adversely impacting on the environment may require certification by Local Land Services.

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**Want to know more?**

We’re here to help

**Find us online:** [lls.nsw.gov.au](http://lls.nsw.gov.au)

You'll find other land management resources including fact sheets

**Call us:** 1300 795 299 and ask for an officer to advise you on land management

**Email us:** slm.info@lls.nsw.gov.au

**See us:** drop into your nearest Local Land Services office
**Set asides**

In some cases, the Code may require the establishment of a set aside in exchange for the removal of native vegetation. Set asides are listed on a public register and must be actively managed to promote vegetation integrity in perpetuity. The Code outlines the extent of clearing possible and any set-aside requirements to offset the environmental impacts of clearing.

Set aside ratios identify how much land must be set aside in exchange for clearing in another area of the property. All set-asides must be managed along with any current publicly funded initiative, offset or existing set-aside and will run with land in perpetuity.

Set-aside certificates may include details such as the type of vegetation contained in the set-aside areas. Landholders are required to undertake reasonable efforts to promote vegetation integrity in the set-aside area.

Local Land Services works with landholders on a case-by-case basis to identify the management interventions likely to deliver the best environmental outcomes in a set-aside area.

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**A set aside is an area set aside for the purposes of conservation (managed to promote vegetation integrity) and must be in addition to any current publicly funded initiative, offset or existing set aside. Set asides are managed in perpetuity and will be listed on a public register.**

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**Treatment of threatened ecological communities**

The Land Management Code does not authorise the clearing of native vegetation that is part of a critically endangered ecological community (CEEC). The only exception is in the Monaro and Werriwa Cool Temperate Grassy Woodlands CEEC under certain specific conditions and following an assessment by Local Land Services. Contact us for more information.

Where clearing is proposed under the Equity Part for a vulnerable ecological community (VEC) or endangered ecological community (EEC) the offset must be of the same VEC or EEC.

Clearing an EEC or VEC incurs a set aside loading of 50 per cent for VEC and 100 per cent for an EEC. The Code also provides a discount of 50 per cent on the set aside requirements for landholders willing to set aside areas containing an EEC.

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**Land on which the Code does not apply**

There are categories of land where clearing under the Land Management Code is not permitted. These include coastal wetlands, old growth forests, littoral rainforests, core koala habitat and critically endangered ecological communities.

Three categories of land are available on the Office of Environment and Heritage mapping portal:
1. Vulnerable regulated land
2. Sensitive regulated land
3. Excluded land

Limited application of the codes apply in the following circumstances:
- Vulnerable land and riparian buffer zones,
- Areas containing threatened species and communities,
- Small holdings,
- Landholders with low levels of remnant vegetation.